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Swanzey, Nov. 30.

ON Monday night last a ſmall Veſſel of *Barnſtaple*, homewards bound from *Briſtol*, was by the violence of the wind and weather forced aſhore near the Bar of this Harbor, the Men and the Goods were ſayed.

Portſmouth, Dec. 5. You have already heard that ſeveral of the French fiſhing ſhips were deſtroyed by the Dutch Capers at *Newfoundland*, thoſe that remained, being about 20 ſail, arrived ſome days ſince upon theſe Coaſts, and 8 or 9 of them had the misfortune to be caſt away off of *Chicheſter*, and the reſt put in here and into the Iſle of *Wight*. On Saturday laſt the *Dragon* and *Portſmouth* Frigats ſailed with the ſhips bound for *Smirna* under their Convoy.

Deale, Decemb. 5. Yeſterday and this day all the ſhips that were in the *Downs* outward bound ſailed, and amongſt the reſt thoſe bound for *Virginia*, the wind being at E. S. E.

Melazzo, Octob. 27. We have already told you that the French and Meſſineſes had poſſeſſed themſelves of *Tauormyna*, as they have ſince done of the Caſtle *la Mola*, ſcituate on the Rocks near it, the Gariſon that was there being neceſſitated to capitulate for want of Victuals. All the neighbouring places and Villages being now under the power of the French, we begin to be very much ſtraitned here. Our Viceroy is extremely perplexed at this ill ſucceſs of things, and yet more to find the great inclination which many of the Nobility and others of this Kinngdom have to the French, and that they hold correſpondence with them; by which means the Enemy makes greater progreſſes than they would otherwiſe do; ſome of theſe are at preſent priſoners, and will be ſeverely proceeded againſt to be an example to others. On Sunday laſt by order of our Viceroy, *Ibiſo* was demoliſhed and quitted by the Troops that were there, which at firſt cauſed ſome diſturbance here, for that the people imagined it was done by the Enemy. The *Scaletta* is at preſent very cloſely preſſed by the French, and we very much fear that we ſhall in few days hear that the place is in their hands.

Naples, Nov. 17. By a Felucca arrived from *Sicily* we have advice that the *Scaletta* was delivered up to the French the 7*th* inſtant, and that there marched out 1000 Soldiers. It ſeems the French by force of Cannon, Bombes and Fireballs have made themſelves Maſters of this important place, which being ſcituate upon a Rock, the Soldiers could not caſt up any Works of Earth to ſecure them againſt the Enemies Cannon, which played upon them very furiouſly for ſeveral days together; the ſurrender of *St Placido* is likewiſe confirmed, the Gariſon that was there, as likewiſe that of the *Scaletta* being conducted to *Melazzo*. From *Palermo* we have advice, that the Prince of *Cuſo* having been condemned for holding correſpondence with the Enemy, to be beheaded as he was going to be executed, he was reſcued by ſome of the Nobility, aſſiſted by the ordinary ſort of people, out of the hands of Juſtice; but the Baron *ac Carebba* was not ſo fortunate, having been beheaded before.

Florence, Nov. 25. The affairs of the Spaniards in *Sicily* go ill, for the French have not only taken the *Scaletta*, and ſeveral other advantageous Poſts, but in all appearance will be able to make farther progreſſes this winter. There are Letters from *Rome*, which ſay, that *Catanea* and *Siracuſa* are already inveſted, and that the Viceroy of *Sicily*, not being able to keep the Field had put himſelf into *Catanea*, but this news coming from hands which are lookt upon to favor the French, it does not yet meet with a general credit, that is ſo much at leaſt as concerns *Catania* and *Siracuſa* being inveſted.

Copenhagen, Decemb. 1. Our Letters from *Schonen* give us now the particulars of the Attack made by the Suedes upon *Chriſtianople, viz.* That they were between 3 and 4000 ſtrong, commanded in chief by Count *Pontus de la Gardie*, and under him by the Sieur *Oulevelt*; that they had made two aſſaults upon *Chriſtianople*, but were both times repulſed with the loſs in all of 500 men; upon which ſucceſs the Bores in thoſe parts had aſſembled together to the number of 6 or 7000 Men, and had beſet the Suedes, but that wanting Cavalry, of which the Enemy had a good Body, the Governor of *Chriſtianople* had ſent to the King of *Denmark*, who had the 29 paſt his head-quarter at *Schwenſtrup*, to pray him to ſend them an aſſiſtance of 2000 Horſe, and in ſuch caſe he doubted not but to give a good account of the Enemy; which his Majeſty had accordingly commanded thither, ſo that we impatiently expect to know the iſſue. Yeſterday and this day there has been a report as if the Suedes Army were marching back to *Helmſtadt*, which we ſhall be glad to hear confirmed, for that our Army is almoſt ruined by the weather. We cannot yet learn the cauſe of the Duke of *Holſteins* having quitted the Kings ſervice at a time when there may be ſo much need of a General of his courage and conduct. Admiral *Tromp* is going to paſs over into *Schonen* with 2000 Seamen.

Vienna, Nov. 29. On Monday laſt very early in the morning his Imperial Majeſty parted from hence on his journey to *Paſſaw*, to celebrate his Marriage there, the Empreſs Dowager, the Queen of *Poland*, and the Archdutcheſs of *Auſtria* remain here, intending to go and meet their Imperial Majeſties 2 days journey in their return hither. A ſolemn Embaſſie is arrived on the Frontiers from the Port, where he will remain till the Emperor be come back to this place. From *Conſtantinople* there be Letters which adviſe the death of the Grand Viſier, which it's thought may occaſion ſome change in the affairs of that Court.

Francfort, Decemb. 2. The *Lunenburgs* have brought hither two pieces of Cannon, and eight Mortar-pieces, which are to remain here this winter. The winter-quarters for the ſaid Lunenburgs are not agreed, and there has been a great ſtir about them; ſome of thoſe Troops are at preſent quartered in ſeveral Villages belonging to this City, and we cannot hope to get rid of them without a Sum of Money. The people in *Franconia* clamour extremely, and ſay they cannot poſſibly quarter all the Troops that are put upon them, though to eaſe them

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